

Syllabus: Art of Tea in Japan

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Sample In-class Activity Sheets: Week 3

Week 3: Tearoom Architecture

Group tasks:

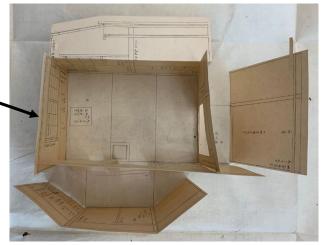
- 1. Study each of the five paper models on the next page and write down the location and orientation of the major architectural elements (*tatami* mats, *nijiriguchi* and any other entrances, windows, alcove, sunken hearth, and host's seat) and your preliminary observations and impressions of the tearoom space.
- 2. Exchange contact information and decide on your "progress tracking method." Inform Prof. Walley of your tracking method before the end of the class.

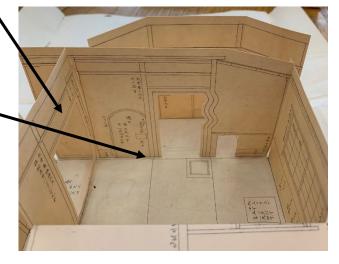
How to read 3-dimensional paper models (okoshi-ezu)*

*Refer to the Nishi & Hozumi reading and use the appropriate architectural terms.

- 1. Look for the *nijiriguchi* (which will look like a square door on one of the exterior walls).
- Locate the windows and identify their types (exposed wattle? bamboo grill? something else?).
- Count the number of *tatami* mats and list their orientation (to the right, see an example of a 3 ¹/₂ -mat room). Remember a *tatami* mat serves as a module.
- 4. Where is the sunken hearth? (Look for the double square on a *tatami* mat.)
- 5. What is the *tokonoma*'s shape and size? (Look for an opening framed by walls; can you see a "床" character?)
- 6. Where will the host enter and sit? Is there a designated area for the host (*daime*)?
 What are the notable features of the "curtain wall" (*sodekabe*)?
- List any other notable design details (e.g. *tokobashira*, other wooden details, washing storage; is there a separate serving entrance, etc.)?







Based on your observations of the above seven points, what are your observations about the difference in the host-guest relationship and guests' engagement with objects among the five tearooms? Which one do you think might suit best the theme and atmosphere of the "Maccha Studio" your group chose?